Newborns' and Mothers' Health Protection Act

The Newborns' and Mothers’ Health Protection Act (the Newborns’ Act) provides protections for mothers and their newborn children relating to the length of their hospital stays following childbirth.

Under the Newborns’ Act, group health plans may not restrict benefits for mothers or newborns for a hospital stay in connection with childbirth to less than 48 hours following a vaginal delivery or 96 hours following a delivery by cesarean section. The 48-hour (or 96-hour) period starts at the time of delivery, unless a woman delivers outside of the hospital. In that case, the period begins at the time of the hospital admission.

The attending provider may decide, after consulting with the mother, to discharge the mother and/or her newborn child earlier. The attending provider cannot receive incentives or disincentives to discharge the mother or her child earlier than 48 hours (or 96 hours).

Even if a plan offers benefits for hospital stays in connection with childbirth, the Newborns’ Act only applies to certain coverage. Specifically, it depends on whether coverage is “insured” by an insurance company or HMO or “self-insured” by an employment-based plan. (Check the Summary Plan Description (SPD), the document that outlines benefits and rights under the plan, or contact the plan administrator to find out if coverage in connection with childbirth is “insured” or “self-insured.”)

The Newborns’ Act provisions always apply to coverage that is self-insured. If the plan provides benefits for hospital stays in connection with childbirth and is insured, whether the plan is subject to the Newborns’ Act depends on state law. Many states have enacted their own version of the Newborns’ Act for insured coverage. If your state has a law regulating coverage for newborns and mothers that meets specific criteria and coverage is provided by an insurance company or HMO, state law will apply.

All group health plans that provide maternity or newborn infant coverage must include in their SPDs a statement describing the Federal or state law requirements applicable to the plan (or any health insurance coverage offered under the plan) relating to hospital length of stay in connection with childbirth for the mother or newborn child.

For more information, see the Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) About the Newborns’ and Mothers’ Health Protection Act.